

Oatey Co.

2024 OPEN ENROLLMENT & PLAN PARTICIPANT NOTICES

ARE YOU, OR A FAMILY MEMBER, MEDICARE ELIGIBLE (OR ABOUT TO BECOME MEDICARE ELIGIBLE)? IF SO, PLEASE READ AND KEEP FOR YOUR RECORDS!

Notice of Creditable Coverage

Your prescription drug coverage provided under Oatey Co.'s AETNA plan is expected to pay out, on average, the same or more than what the standard Medicare prescription drug coverage will pay. This is known as "creditable coverage".

Why This is Important

This information is to help you decide whether or not you want to join a Medicare drug plan. It is important for those eligible for both Medicare and a group health plan to look ahead and weigh the costs, benefits, and participation terms of the various options on a regular, if not annual, basis. Based on individual facts and circumstances some choose to elect Medicare only, some choose to elect coverage under the group health plan only, while some choose to enroll in both coverages. When both are elected, benefits coordinate according to the Medicare Secondary Payer Rules. That is, one plan or the other would *reduce payment* in order to prevent you from being reimbursed the full amount from both sources. Your age, the reason for your Medicare eligibility and other factors determine which plan is primary (pays first, generally without reductions) versus secondary (pays second, generally with reductions).

There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare's prescription drug coverage:

1. Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone with Medicare. You can get this coverage if you join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an HMO or PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.

2. Oatey Co. has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by AETNA is, on average for all plan participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. Because your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare drug plan.

When May You Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

Eligible individuals may join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15th through December 7th. However, if you lose your current creditable coverage, through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare Drug plan.

What Happens To Your Current Coverage If You Decide to Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

If you decide to join a Medicare drug plan, your current Oatey Co. coverage may or may not be affected as well as dependent coverage. Additional guidance is available at <https://www.cms.gov/medicare/prescription-drug-coverage/creditablecoverage?redirect=/creditablecoverage/>

which outlines the prescription drug plan provisions/options that Medicare eligible individuals may have available to them when they become eligible for Medicare Part D.

When Will You Pay A Higher Premium (Penalty) To Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You should also know that if you drop or lose your current coverage with Oatey Co. and don't join a Medicare drug plan within 63 continuous days after your current coverage ends, you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan later. If you go 63 continuous days or longer without creditable prescription drug coverage, your monthly premium may go up by at least 1% of the Medicare base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go nineteen months without creditable coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19% higher than the Medicare base beneficiary premium. You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following October to join.

For More Information About This Notice Or Your Current Prescription Drug Coverage

Contact the person listed below for further information **NOTE:** You'll get this notice each year. You will also get it before the next period you can join a Medicare drug plan, and if this coverage through Oatey Co. changes. You also may request a copy of this notice at any time.

Contact--Position/Office: Robin Karlozi - Manager, Compensation & Benefits

Address: 20600 Emerald Parkway Cleveland, OH 44135

Phone Number: 216/401-5833

For More Information Regarding Your Options Under Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the "Medicare & You" handbook. You'll get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans.

For more information about Medicare prescription drug coverage:

1. Visit www.medicare.gov
2. Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see the inside back cover of your copy of the "Medicare & You" handbook for their telephone number) for personalized help
3. Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you have limited income and resources, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information about this extra help, visit Social Security on the web at www.socialsecurity.gov, or call them at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Remember: Keep this Creditable Coverage notice. If you decide to join one of the Medicare drug plans, you may be required to provide a copy of this notice when you join to show whether or not you have maintained creditable coverage and, therefore, whether or not you are required to pay a higher premium (a penalty).

HIPAA Notice of Privacy Practices

You are receiving this Privacy Notice because you are eligible to participate in an employer sponsored group health plans. The Health Plans are committed to protecting the confidentiality of any health information collected about an individual. This Notice describes how the Health Plan may use and disclose, “protected health information” (PHI). For information to be considered “PHI”, it must meet three conditions:

Information is created or received by a health care provider, health plan, employer, or health care clearinghouse; Information relates past, present, or future physical or mental health condition of an individual; the provision of health care to an individual; or the past, present, or future payment for the provision of health care to an individual; and the information either identifies the individual or provides a reasonable basis for believing that it can be used to identify the individual.

The Health Plan is required by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) to provide this Notice to an individual. Additionally, the Health Plan is required by law to:

Maintain the privacy of an individual’s “protected health information” (PHI) and provide you with the Privacy Notice of its legal duties and privacy practices with respect to an individual’s PHI and follow the terms of its Privacy Notice that is currently in effect.

Employees of the plan sponsor who administer and manage this Health Plan may use PHI only for appropriate plan purposes (such as for payment or health care operations), but not for purposes of other benefits not provided by this plan, and not for employment-related purposes of the plan sponsor. These individuals must comply with the same requirements that apply to the Health Plan to protect the confidentiality of PHI.

Uses and Disclosures of Protected Health Information (PHI)

The following categories describe the ways that the Health Plan may use and disclose protected health information. For each category of uses and disclosures, examples will be provided. Not every use or disclosure in a category will be listed. However, all the ways the Health Plan is permitted to use and disclose information will fall within one of these categories.

Treatment Purposes. The Health Plan may disclose PHI to a health care provider for the health care provider’s treatment purposes. For example, if an individual’s Primary Care Physician (PCP) or treating medical provider refers the individual to a specialist for treatment, the Health Plan can disclose the individual’s PHI to the specialist to whom they have been referred so (s)he can become familiar with the individual’s medical condition, prior diagnoses and treatment, and prognosis.

Payment Purposes. The Health Plan may use or disclose health information for payment purposes; such as, determining eligibility for plan benefits, obtaining premiums, facilitating payment for the treatment and services an individual receives from health care providers, determining plan responsibility for benefit payments, and coordinating benefits with other benefit plans. Examples of payment functions may include reviewing the medical necessity of health care services, determining whether a particular treatment is experimental or investigational, or determining whether a specific treatment is covered under the plan.

Health Care Operations. The Health Plan may use PHI for its own health care operations and may disclose PHI to carry out necessary insurance related activities. Some examples of Health Care Operations may include: underwriting, premium rating and other activities related to plan coverage; conducting quality assessment and improvement activities; placing contracts; conducting or arranging for medical review, legal services, audit services, and fraud and abuse detection programs; and business planning, management and general administration of the Health Plan.

To a Business Associate of the Health Plan. The Health Plan may disclose PHI to a Business Associate (BA) of the Health Plan, provided a valid Business Associate Agreement is in place between the Business Associate and the Health Plan. A Business Associate is an entity that performs a function on behalf of the Health Plan and that uses PHI in doing so or provides services to the Health Plan such as legal, actuarial, accounting, consulting, or administrative services. Examples of Business Associates include the Health Plan's Third-Party Administrators (TPAs), Actuary, and Broker.

To the Health Plan Sponsor. The Health Plan may disclose PHI to the Plan Sponsor as long as the sponsor has amended its plan documents, provided a certification to the Health Plan, established certain safeguards and firewalls to limit the classes of employees who will have access to PHI, and to limit the use of PHI to plan purposes and not for non-permissible purposes, as required by the Privacy Rule. Any disclosures to the plan sponsor must be for purposes of administering the Health Plan. Some examples may include: disclosure for claims appeals to the Plan's Benefits Committee, for case management purposes, or to perform plan administration functions.

The Health Plan may also disclose enrollment/disenrollment information to the plan sponsor, for enrollment or disenrollment purposes only, and may disclose "Summary Health information" (as defined under the HIPAA medical privacy regulations) to the plan sponsor for the purpose of obtaining premium bids or modifying or terminating the plan.

Required by Law or Requested as Part of a Regulatory or Legal Proceeding. The Health Plan may use and disclose PHI as required by law or when requested as part of a regulatory or legal proceeding. For example, the Health Plan may disclose medical information when required by a court order in a litigation proceeding, or pursuant to a subpoena, or as necessary to comply with Workers' Compensation laws.

Public Health Activities or to Avert a Serious Threat to Health or Safety. The Health Plan may disclose PHI to public health authorities for purposes related to: preventing or controlling disease, injury or disability; reporting child abuse or neglect; reporting domestic violence; reporting to the Food and Drug Administration problems with products and reactions to medications; and reporting disease or infection exposure.

Law Enforcement or Specific Government Functions. The Health Plan may disclose PHI to law enforcement personnel for purposes such as identifying or locating a suspect, fugitive, material witness or missing person; complying with a court order or subpoena; and other law enforcement purposes.

Other uses and disclosures will be made only with an individual's written authorization or that of their legal representative, and the individual may revoke such authorization as provided by section 164.508(b) (5) of the Privacy Rule. Any disclosures that were made when the individual's Authorization was in effect will not be retracted.

An Individual's Rights Regarding PHI

An individual has the following rights with respect to their PHI:

Right to Inspect and Copy PHI. An individual has the right to inspect and copy health information about them that may be used to make decisions about plan benefits. If they request a copy of the information, a reasonable fee to cover expenses associated with their request may be charged.

Right to Request Restrictions). An individual has the right to request restrictions on certain uses and disclosures of their PHI (although the Health Plan is not required to agree to a requested restriction).

Right to Receive Confidential Communications of PHI). An individual has the right to receive their PHI through a reasonable alternative means or at an alternative location if they believe the Health Plan's usual method of communicating PHI may endanger them.

Right to Request an Amendment. An individual has the right to request the Health Plan to amend their health information that they believe is incorrect or incomplete. The Health Plan is not required to change the PHI but is required to provide the individual with a response in either case.

Right to Accounting of Disclosures. An individual has the right to receive a list or "accounting of disclosures" of their health information made by the Health Plan, except the disclosures made by the Health Plan for treatment, payment, or health care operations, national security, law enforcement or to corrections personnel, pursuant to the individual's Authorization, or to the individual. An individual's request must specify a time period of up to six years and may not include dates prior to May 1, 2010 (effective date of this regulation). The Health Plan will provide one accounting of disclosures free of charge once every 12-month period.

Breach Notification. An individual has the right to receive notice of a breach of your unsecured medical information. Notification may be delayed if so, required by a law enforcement official. If you are deceased and there is a breach of your medical information, the notice will be provided to your next of kin or personal representatives if the plan knows the identity and address of such individual(s).

Optional if covered entity engages in underwriting **Genetic Information** An individual's genetic information will not be used for under writing except for long term care plans.

Right to Paper Copy. An individual has a right to receive a paper copy of this Notice of Privacy Practices at any time.

The Health Plan's Responsibilities Regarding an Individual's PHI

The Health Plan is a "covered entity" (CE) and has responsibilities under HIPAA regarding the use and disclosure of PHI. The Health Plan has a legal obligation to maintain the privacy of PHI and to provide individuals with notice of its legal duties and privacy practices with respect to PHI. The Health Plan is required to abide by the terms of the current Notice of Privacy Practices (the "Notice"). The Health Plan reserves the right to change the terms of this Notice at any time and to make the revised Notice provisions effective for all PHI the Health Plan maintains, even PHI obtained prior to the effective date of the revisions. If the Health Plan revises the Notice, the Health Plan will promptly distribute a revised Notice to all actively enrolled participants whenever a material change has been made. Until such time, the Health Plan is required by law to comply with the current version of this Notice

The complaint will be investigated, and a written response will be provided to the individual within 30 days from receipt of the complaint. A written summary of the complaint and any correction action taken will be filed with the Privacy Officer. The Health Plan will not retaliate against the individual in any way for filing a complaint.

If an individual would like their complaint reviewed by an outside agency, they may contact the Department of Health and Human Services at the following address:

**Department of Health and Human Services
The Hubert H. Humphrey Building
200 Independence Avenue, S.W.
Washington, D.C. 2020**

HIPAA Plan Special Enrollment Notice

If you are declining your enrollment under the Plan, or declining coverage for your spouse or one of your dependents, because of other health insurance or group health plan coverage, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents in the Plan if you or your dependents lose eligibility for that other coverage, or if the employer stops contributing toward such other coverage. However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after you or your dependents' other coverage ends, or after the period for which the employer ceased contributing toward such other coverage if such payment applied to your circumstances.

In addition, if you have a new dependent, as a result of your marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents. However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after the marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

To request special enrollment or obtain more information, please contact the Plan Administrator listed in the Summary Plan Description, or contact the Human Resources department staff for further information.

Genetics Information Notice

The Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (GINA) prohibits employers and other entities covered by GINA Title II from requesting or requiring genetic information of an individual or family member of the individual, except as specifically allowed by this law. To comply with this law, we are asking that you not provide any genetic information when responding to this request for medical information.

"Genetic information," as defined by GINA, includes an individual's family medical history, the results of an individual's or family member's genetic tests, the fact that an individual or an individual's family member sought or received genetic services, and genetic information of a fetus carried by an individual or an individual's family member or an embryo lawfully held by an individual or family member receiving assistive reproductive services.

Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Parity

Effective for Plan Years on and after July 1, 2010, benefits under Plans that provide Mental Health Benefits are subject to final regulations supporting the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (MHPAEA). Benefits for mental health conditions and substance use disorder conditions that are Covered Health Services under the Policy must be treated in the same manner and provided at the same level as Covered Health Services for the treatment of other Sickness or Injury. Benefits for Mental Health Services and Substance Use Disorder Services are not subject to any annual maximum benefit limit (including any day, visit or dollar limit).

MHPAEA requires that the financial requirements for coinsurance and copayments for mental health and substance

use disorder conditions must be no more restrictive than those coinsurance and copayment requirements for substantially all medical/surgical benefits. MHPAEA requires specific testing to be applied to classifications of benefits to determine the impact of these financial requirements on mental health and substance use disorder benefits. Based upon the results of that testing, it is possible that coinsurance or copayments that apply to mental health conditions and substance use disorder conditions in your benefit plan may be reduced.

Newborns' and New Mothers Care Disclosure

This Plan generally does not, consistent with applicable Federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, consistent with that same Federal law, this Plan generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, this Plan does not, in accordance with Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the insurance issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998 (WHCRA) Annual and Regular Notice

As required by the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act (WHCRA) of 1998, notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Plan provides coverage for: 1) all stages of reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy has been performed; 2) surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance; and 3) prostheses and physical complications of mastectomy, including lymphedemas, in a manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and the patient. Such coverage may be subject to annual deductibles and coinsurance provisions as may be deemed appropriate and are consistent with those established for other benefits under the plan or coverage. Written notice of the availability of such coverage shall be delivered to the participant upon enrollment and annually thereafter. Contact the Plan Administrator listed in the Summary Plan Description, or contact the Human Resources department staff for further information.

Premium Assistance Under Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

If you or your children are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and you're eligible for health coverage from your employer, your state may have a premium assistance program that can help pay for coverage, using funds from their Medicaid or CHIP programs. If you or your children aren't eligible for Medicaid or CHIP, you won't be eligible for these premium assistance programs, but you may be able to buy individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information, visit www.healthcare.gov.

If you or your dependents are already enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP and you live in a State listed below, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office to find out if premium assistance is available.

If you or your dependents are NOT currently enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP, and you think you or any of your dependents might be eligible for either of these programs, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office or dial 1-877-KIDS NOW or www.insurekidsnow.gov to find out how to apply. If you qualify, ask your state if it has a

program that might help you pay the premiums for an employer-sponsored plan. If you or your dependents are eligible for premium assistance under Medicaid or CHIP, as well as eligible under your employer plan, your employer must allow you to enroll in your employer plan if you aren't already enrolled. This is called a "special enrollment" opportunity, and you must request coverage within 60 days of being determined eligible for premium assistance. If you have questions about enrolling in your employer plan, contact the Department of Labor at www.askebsa.dol.gov or call 1-866-444-EBSA (3272).

If you live in one of the following states, you may be eligible for assistance paying your employer health plan premiums. The following list of states is current as of July 31, 2023. Contact your State for more information on eligibility.

ALABAMA - Medicaid	Website: http://myalhipp.com/ Phone: 1-855-692-5447
ALASKA - Medicaid	The AK Health Insurance Premium Payment Program Website: http://myakhipp.com/ Phone: 1-866-251-4861 Email: CustomerService@MyAKHIPP.com Medicaid Eligibility: http://dhss.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/medicaid/default.aspx
ARKANSAS - Medicaid	Website: http://myarhipp.com/ Phone: 1-855-MyARHIPP (855-692-7447)
CALIFORNIA – Medicaid	Website: Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP) Program http://dhcs.ca.gov/hipp Phone: 916-445-8322 Email: hipp@dhcs.ca.gov
COLORADO - Health First Colorado (Colorado's Medicaid Program) & Child Health Plan Plus (CHP+)	Health First Colorado Website: https://www.healthfirstcolorado.com/ Health First Colorado Member Contact Center: 1-800-221-3943/ State Relay 711 CHP+: https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/hcpf/child-health-plan-plus CHP+ Customer Service: 1-800-359-1991/ State Relay 711 Health Insurance Buy-In Program (HIBI): https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/hcpf/health-insurance-buy-program HIBI Customer Service: 1-855-692-6442
FLORIDA - Medicaid	Website: https://www.flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/hipp/index.html Phone: 1-877-357-3268
GEORGIA - Medicaid	Website: https://medicaid.georgia.gov/health-insurance-premium-payment-program-hipp Phone: 678-564-1162 ext 2131
INDIANA - Medicaid	Healthy Indiana Plan for low-income adults 19-64 Website: http://www.in.gov/fssa/hip/ Phone: 1-877-438-4479 All other Medicaid Website: https://www.in.gov/medicaid/ Phone 1-800-457-4584
IOWA – Medicaid and CHIP (Hawki)	Medicaid Website: https://dhs.iowa.gov/ime/members Medicaid Phone: 1-800-338-8366 Hawki Website: http://dhs.iowa.gov/Hawki Hawki Phone: 1-800-257-8563 HIPP Website: https://dhs.iowa.gov/ime/members/medicaid-a-to-z/hipp HIPP Phone: 1-888-346-9562
KANSAS - Medicaid	Website: https://www.kancare.ks.gov/ Phone: 1-800-792-4884
KENTUCKY - Medicaid	Kentucky Integrated Health Insurance Premium Payment Program (KI-HIPP) Website: https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms/member/Pages/kihipp.aspx Phone: 1-855-459-6328 Email: KIHIPP.PROGRAM@ky.gov KCHIP Website: https://kidshealth.ky.gov/Pages/index.aspx Phone: 1-877-524-4718 Kentucky Medicaid Website: https://chfs.ky.gov
LOUISIANA - Medicaid	Website: www.medicaid.la.gov or www.ldh.la.gov/lahipp Phone: 1-888-342-6207 (Medicaid hotline) or 1-855-618-5488 (LaHIPP)
MAINE - Medicaid	Enrollment Website: https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/applications-forms Phone: 1-800-442-6003 TTY: Maine relay 711 Private Health Insurance Premium Webpage: https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/applications-forms

	Phone: -800-977-6740 TTY: Maine relay 711
MASSACHUSETTS - Medicaid and CHIP	Website: https://www.mass.gov/info-details/masshealth-premium-assistance-pa Phone: 1-800-862-4840
MINNESOTA - Medicaid	Website: https://mn.gov/dhs/people-we-serve/children-and-families/health-care/health-care-programs/programs-and-services/other-insurance.jsp Phone: 1-800-657-3739
MISSOURI - Medicaid	Website: http://www.dss.mo.gov/mhd/participants/pages/hipp.htm Phone: 573-751-2005
MONTANA - Medicaid	Website: http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIPP Phone: 1-800-694-3084
NEBRASKA - Medicaid	Website: http://www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov Phone: 1-855-632-7633 Lincoln: 402-473-7000 Omaha: 402-595-1178
NEVADA - Medicaid	Medicaid Website: http://dhcfnv.gov Medicaid Phone: 1-800-992-0900
NEW HAMPSHIRE - Medicaid	Website: https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/oii/hipp.htm Phone: 603-271-5218 Toll free number for the HIPP program: 1-800-852-3345, ext 5218
NEW JERSEY - Medicaid and CHIP	Medicaid Website: http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/clients/medicaid/ Medicaid Phone: 609-631-2392 CHIP Website: http://www.njfamilycare.org/index.html CHIP Phone: 1-800-701-0710
NEW YORK - Medicaid	Website: https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/ Phone: 1-800-541-2831
NORTH CAROLINA - Medicaid	Website: https://medicaid.ncdhhs.gov/ Phone: 919-855-4100
NORTH DAKOTA - Medicaid	Website: http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/medicaid/ Phone: 1-844-854-4825
OKLAHOMA - Medicaid and CHIP	Website: http://www.insureoklahoma.org Phone: 1-888-365-3742
OREGON - Medicaid	Website: http://healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx http://www.oregonhealthcare.gov/index-es.html Phone: 1-800-699-9075
PENNSYLVANIA - Medicaid	Website: https://www.dhs.pa.gov/providers/Providers/Pages/Medical/HIPP-Program.aspx Phone: 1-800-692-7462
RHODE ISLAND – Medicaid and CHIP	Website: http://www.eohhs.ri.gov/ Phone: 1-855-697-4347, or 401-462-0311 (Direct RlTe Share Line)
SOUTH CAROLINA - Medicaid	Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov Phone: 1-888-549-0820
SOUTH DAKOTA - Medicaid	Website: http://dss.sd.gov Phone: 1-888-828-0059
TEXAS - Medicaid	Website: http://gethipptexas.com/ Phone: 1-800-440-0493
UTAH - Medicaid and CHIP	Medicaid Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/ CHIP Website: http://health.utah.gov/chip Phone: 1-877-543-7669 Phone: 1-877-543-7669
VERMONT - Medicaid	Website: http://www.greenmountaincare.org/ Phone: 1-800-250-8427
VIRGINIA - Medicaid and CHIP	Website: https://www.coverva.org/hipp/ Medicaid Phone: 1-800-432-5924 CHIP Phone: 1-855-242-8282
WASHINGTON - Medicaid	Website: https://www.hca.wa.gov/ Phone: 1-800-562-3022
WEST VIRGINIA - Medicaid	Website: http://mywvhipp.com/ Toll-free phone: 1-855-MyWVHIPP (1-855-699-8447)
WISCONSIN - Medicaid and CHIP	Website: https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/badgercareplus/p-10095.htm Phone: 1-800-362-3002
WYOMING - Medicaid	Website: https://health.wyo.gov/healthcarefin/medicaid/programs-and-eligibility/ Phone: 1-800-251-1269

To see if any other states have added a premium assistance program since July 31, 2023, or for more information on special enrollment rights, contact either: U.S. Department of Labor, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Employee Benefits Security Administration Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa 1-866-444-EBSA (3272) www.cms.hhs.gov 1-877-267-2323, Menu Option 4, Ext. 61565